

LOCAL ITEMS.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

Salem, N. C., Post Office Arrangement.—Office hours from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. during the week. As no mail arrives on Sunday the office will not be open on that day.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING THE MAILS.

Railroad, from Greensboro to Salem, closes every day, except Sunday, at 7 a. m.; due every day except Sunday, by 6.30 p. m.

Mount Airy mail, via Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Little Yadin, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek: closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6.30 a. m.; due, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 3 p. m.

Madison mail, via Sedge Garden, Germantown and Walnut Cove, due, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by 5 p. m.; closes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6.30 a. m.

Jerusalem mail, via Friedberg, Miller's Mill, Elba and Fulton: closes every Wednesday at 6 a. m.; due, every Thursday, 7 p. m.

Jonesville mail, via Mt. Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains East Bend and Booneville: due every Friday, by 7 p. m.; closes every Saturday, at 6 a. m.

Walmarton mail, via Salem Chapel, White Road, Bales Creek Mills and Blakely: closes every Friday, at 4.30 p. m.; due, every Saturday, by 7 p. m.

Huntville mail via Clemmons, Lewisville and Panther Creek, closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9.30 a. m.; due, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 3 p. m.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

LOCAL NOTICES.—Notices will be published in our local columns at 20 cents per line, every insertion, for regular customers who have standing advertisements in the PRESS. Otherwise, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

OBITUARY NOTICES.—All obituary notices and tributes of respect, over ten lines, will be charged at advertising rates. Terms cash.

BLANKS, Land Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Chattel Mortgages, Magistrate's Summons, Judgments and Executions, for sale at the Press Office.

Our schools are all well attended. Last week we noticed the number of scholars in Salem Public School, embracing only a portion of the children in this place, as the Infant school, Miss Welford's school, and the Male Academy take off a large number.

The Winston Public School, taught by F. D. L. Messer, an excellent teacher, has some eighty names enrolled, with an average attendance of sixty. Mrs. Davis' School and the Winston Male Academy take off a considerable number of children. Mr. Messer has a competent assistant.

This is indeed a hopeful sign and indicates a general waking up to the importance of education.

The colored school numbers about one hundred and fifty, and is under the charge of two able teachers, who give favorable reports of the progress of the children.

Thus in a population of about 4,000 we have one Female Academy; two High Schools for boys; two High Schools for girls; one Infant School; two Public Schools for white children, boys and girls, and one for the colored race—nine in all.

The prices of Tobacco are still low, yet the breaks in the Warehouses are large, and the business seems active.

IF YOU WANT FULL VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY GET BEST GOODS OF J. L. FULKERSON.

Jan. 6th, 1876.

THE YOUNG MEN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY celebrated their thirty-fifth anniversary on Saturday evening last, as usual, with a Love-feast. A goodly number of their friends were present, and the services were interesting and instructive.

The reports of the various officers were satisfactory, and indicated about the usual financial status.

We hope to see the monthly meetings of the Society better attended, and the endeavors of the officers more promptly seconded, to make the meetings agreeable and entertaining.

The annual address was delivered by Rev. Prof. Warrehouse, in a pleasant and earnest manner, enjoining all to work in the missionary field at home as well as abroad, in an humble and prayerful spirit.

The Choir music was remarkably fine. Several entirely new pieces were performed in a very spirited and excellent manner.

THE MUSEUM is in a better condition than for several years past, and contains many rare and curious articles. The specimens of minerals, woods, native and foreign, as well as a fair collection of Indian curiosities, embracing specimens of handiwork from Cape of Good Hope in Africa, to the frozen lands of Labrador and Greenland. A very valuable Herbarium is on exhibition, and has attracted considerable attention. Contributions of curiosities of every description solicited, and will be duly acknowledged and preserved.

THE READING ROOMS have also been made comfortable, and now present attractions never before presented in our town. We hope the young men will aim at a more thorough improvement of the opportunities offered them.

Any contributions in money, books, &c., thankfully received.

FRESH SUPPLY OF CASSIMERES, JEANS, and a splendid lot of OVERCOATING cheap at WOMMACK'S.

AN OLD LANDMARK in Old Town, some six miles from this place, and known as the first settlement of the Moravians in N. C., has been pulled down. The building had been in a tumble-down condition for some years, was located in front of the parsonage and church, and had been originally built for the dwelling of Rev. Matthew Stach, the first Moravian Missionary to Greenland, who retired from the service, and spent his declining years in Old Town, and died and is buried in the romantic gods-acre of this ancient village.

The old building was covered with a perfect network of vines, which attracted considerable attention and remark from the traveling public. Among the straw used in the mortar, wheat heads were found, the length of which indicated a fine variety, though not a grain was to be discovered.

Our attention was drawn to this subject by the 143rd anniversary of the Greenland Mission, occurring on the 19th instant, and the disappearance of the last vestige of the earthly habitation of this most remarkable and energetic missionary of the Moravian Church.

500 CHICKENS wanted immediately. Will pay cash for goods for them at WOMMACK'S.

DEATH OF WILSON FULTON.—Mr. Wilson Fulton, who removed from Stokes County to Texas, in 1860, died on the 23rd December last, at Lampasas, in that State, of paralysis, in the 66th year of his age. Mr. Fulton resided in Corryell County, but was on a visit to his children in Lampasas, when he breathed his last, we learn from the Danbury Reporter.

WOMMACK & CO have just received a complete line of new goods and offer their numerous customers a complete stock for the NEW YEAR, cheap for cash or barter.

WINSTON BANK.—It has been rumored, for several weeks, that Winston will have a National Bank. We learn now that stock to the amount of \$100,000 has been subscribed, and that the First National Bank of Winston will commence business within six weeks.

The following officers were elected on Monday: Joseph A. Bittling, President; J. W. Alspaugh, Cashier. Directors: Geo. W. Norwood, Chesly Hamlin, S. H. Hodgins, T. L. Vaughan, Jno. M. Stafford, T. J. Brown.

A large stock of DRESS GOODS. At reduced prices. J. L. FULKERSON, Salem, N. C., Jan. 6th 1876.

SUBSCRIPTION BIBLES.—Persons wishing Family Bibles would do well to call at the Bookstore, and examine the stock of Bibles, before subscribing for any other.

The Railroad excitement in Stokes County is kept up to fever heat. That's the way to succeed; and the prospect of accomplishing the desired object is flattering.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE INDEPENDENT BREAD PLATE—represents the 13 original States with their representatives in Congress 100 years ago. Nice for daily use in every family. Sold by J. L. FULKERSON, Jan. 6th, 1876.

We are again indebted to our able Representative, Hon. W. M. Robbins, for Congressional favors.

Y. M. M. S.

The annual election of officers of the Young Men's Missionary Society will take place at their rooms on this (Thursday) evening, at 7 o'clock. A full attendance of the members is urgently solicited.

Other matters of importance will be discussed.

GOOD THINGS from the Largest Cloth-Store in America.

Selections may be made from a large lot of Samples for Men and Boys Clothing. Measures will be taken, and orders forwarded to Wamamaker & Brown, by J. L. FULKERSON, Agt., Salem, N. C. Jan. 6th 1876.

MR. ADAM LONG, living in the Pleasant Fork neighborhood, took advantage of the warm weather and went angling on last Saturday, and was rewarded by catching about a half bushel of fine cat-fish, some of which measured over a foot in length. Ad. is an old fisherman, and never wastes "warruns."

BOUQUETS OF VIOLETS AND ROMAN HYACINTHS are not uncommon about here just now. Several of our young gents are sailing under the benign influence of their delicate perfume, having sprays of Hyacinths or blue and white violets on their coat collars. Geranium leaves are nowhere.

REV. ROBERT W. HILL, of the Primitive Baptist Church, preached in the Court-House on Sunday afternoon last. As usual, he was a doctrinal discourse, and he "shelled" his sister christian denunciations unmercifully.

New Stock of Calico just opened and selling rapidly at 8 and 10 cents a yard. WOMMACK & CO. Jan. 6, 1876.

DR. I. T. LEMLY has located at Cedar Falls Factory, Randolph County, where he is prepared to practice his profession. Dr. Lemly has had seven years' experience.

LECTURE.—Major Sinton Gales will deliver a lecture in Chapel of Salem Female Academy, on Friday evening, February 18th, for Reading Club benefit.

BLANKETS, &c.—Good lot of BED, LAMP and HORSE BLANKETS, cheap at WOMMACK'S.

MAJ. GALES will lecture for the Old Fellows on the evening of the 17th prox.

Our old friend, L. W. Springs has opened a splendid stock of Goods at Lewisville, and invites his friends and the public generally to give him a call.

TOY BOOKS.—The Standard Toy Books in profusion at Blum's Bookstore, in paper and beautifully bound in cloth.

Salem Again.

In our own admiral rather hurried sketch of the industries of our town, last week, we regret that several omissions inadvertently occurred, to which our attention has been drawn. All we can do is to try again. We notice the following omissions:

S. T. Mickey's Wine Cellar is known far and wide, and his wines have a good reputation, having taken premiums at all our State Fairs, and met with favor at the recent exhibition at Vienna. It is sold all over the United States.

Riggs' Shoe Shop is always full of work, the best of recommendations.

E. Meinung is always ready to make or repair shoes and boots.

Miss Welford's school for girls and boys, is in a flourishing condition and has established a very good reputation.

Messrs. Fries also manufacture the best of Gas.

Alexander, the Barber, next door to Messrs. Patterson & Co., shaves you at all times, and trims your hair in the latest style.

Mr. Gierach attends to all the jobs in his smith shop near Peterson's.

We did not know that Mr. Crumpler, the painter, near the Depot, was a Dutchman, either from accident or choice. No matter, he is a first-rate painter, and everybody knows it.

E. A. Vogler, Surveyor and Draughtsman, gives full satisfaction whenever his services are required.

Henry Hughes, Tailor, opposite the Public Square, can turn out good honest jobs, in the best of style.

John A. Vogler, Jeweler and Sign Painter, understands his business, and his work speaks for itself.

John T. Philips, the Pump Maker, near the Salem Mill, is always ready and willing for a good job in his line.

Mrs. T. J. Borer cleans and colors ladies' and gentlemen's wear, on Salt Street, back of the Bank. She has experience in her business, and guarantees satisfaction.

Mrs. Dibbs got awake the other night and thought that she heard a noise in one of the rooms down stairs, and nearly knocking the breath out of Mr. Dibbs by digging him in the back with her elbow, told him to get up and go see what it was.

"I'm sick," said Mr. Dibbs, pulling the cover over his head, just as a terrible clatter came up from below.

"Oh Lord, we'll be murdered and robbed, and all because Obadiah Dibbs is too great a coward to get up and run the robber off," screamed Mrs. Dibbs.

"Barbara Dibbs, I ain't no coward," said Mr. Dibbs, poking his head from under the cover and listening.

Presently the noise down stairs was repeated.

"What do you think it is, Barbara?" asked Mr. Dibbs, trembling as if he had a chill.

"How should I know, Obadiah," said Mrs. Dibbs; "but do get up and go see, I'll go with you."

"Well," said Mr. Dibbs, "you get up and light the lamp."

Mrs. Dibbs got up and struck a light; then Mr. Dibbs got up, and getting his pistol, they went cautiously down, and arriving at the foot of the stairs, stopped to listen.

"What's that?" whispered Mr. Dibbs, starting to go back up the stairs, as a dull thud was heard in the dining-room.

"There's in the dining-room," whispered Mrs. Dibbs; "and now Obadiah Dibbs, if you're no coward, you'll go at the door and ask who it is in there."

Mr. Dibbs approached the door, on tip-toe, and in a trembling voice asked:

"Who-a-g-e-i-n-t-h-e-r-e?"

"M-e-o-w-o-o-o," came from the old tom cat that had been shut up in the room.

"Barbara," said Mr. Dibbs, "that d-d cat dies," and opening the door, he took a dead aim at the cat and pulled the trigger; but Thomas still lives to give Mr. Dibbs another scare, as the pistol wasn't loaded.

NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES put up in neat and fancy Boxes, with and without initials. These Goods are very fine and selling fast. Come before the stock is broken.

MR. PENN and family, of Patrick County, Va., occupy the "Lincoln homestead," nearly opposite the Salem Hotel.

We learn that Messrs. F. & H. Fries have purchased the "Old Cotton Factory Buildings and Cottages," of Dr. Hay. We hope to see some manufacturing enterprise springing up at the old stand.

A very interesting protracted meeting has just closed at Antioch, four miles from Mount Airy, Surry County. The meeting commenced on Wednesday, Dec. the 29th, 1875. There were 35 conversions and 34 added to the church. The meeting was conducted by Elders J. H. Lewellin and C. C. Haymore.—Visitor.

You can find a good PATENT AXE for One Dollar, at WOMMACK'S.

That unfortunate young man proposed to his girl Sunday night and was accepted, and Tuesday evening he went around to ask the old man's consent to their union. When he arrived at the house the old man was down at the barn feeding the cows, and the girl told him he had better go down there and talk it over with the old gent.

So going to the barn, he entered the feed room just as the old man, who was in the loft, threw down about a one-horse wagon load of hay, and before he could dodge out of the way, he was buried in the mass.

"Hello! what's up now?" asked the old man as he came down from the loft and beheld the young man crawling from under the hay, his clothes covered with dust and hay seed.

"I come to ask you," said the young man beginning to chew and spit, "If—if, you—I mean if I—or you—I mean if I and me—no if—if, you—"

"Look here, young man," said the old man, bringing the pitch-fork to a "charge bayonet," "the best thing you can do will be to light out from here; and if you ever come round here drunk again, chatting such nonsense, I'll annihilate you."

The young man "lit out," and he is now trying to find out what "annihilate" means; while the girl is anxiously waiting for him to come and tell her what the old man said.

Winston Items.

ACCIDENTS.—One of the rafters of Bittling's new factory building fell last week, and struck George Tesh, seriously injuring him.

The chimney of the Winstend factory also fell last week.

Lee W. Masten has purchased the Williamson Brothers' Confectionery establishment, and will conduct the business at same stand.

The Notion store-room of Watkins & Son will be occupied by another party in the Spring, and stocked with hats, boots and shoes.

The Sentinel office is to be removed to Newell & Mitchell's store-house, up stairs.

The co-partnership of T. J. Brown & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent.

PERSONALS.—Mrs. Montgomery, of Philadelphia, many years since a pupil of Salem Female Academy, then Miss Clayton, of Lynchburg, Va., is here on a visit, with her son and daughter, stopping at the Salem Hotel. Mrs. M. has found several of her old friends yet on the stage of life.

Our old friend, E. T. Clemmons, of Asheville, is on a visit here, on his way to Washington city.

We learn that we are to have a tri-weekly milk delivery in Salem in a short time.

ICE PONDS.—Several of our ice packers are preparing ice ponds, in order to catch the earliest freeze. Time is getting short, although February often gives us harsh weather.

We are pleased to see that a lamp has been put up in front of the Postoffice.

The Knights of Pythias will give a grand tableau the latter part of next week, in the Wommack & Co's., building. Further particulars in our next issue.

SUPREME COURT.—In this Tribunal, now in session in Raleigh, a number of cases from this section were argued, but decisions in only one case, of interest in this neighborhood, published as yet—John Hall vs. Commissioners of Guilford County, new trial.

The New North State says: "It is rumored that after the 1st of February, the train now running from Goldsboro to Greensboro, will be run through to Salem. This will be a great saving to the company, as two trains and two sets of hands can then do the work, whereas three trains are now required, one from Salem to Greensboro, and two from Goldsboro.

The Raleigh News says that a negro near Lenoirville got in a dispute the other night with another negro at the card table and drew a pistol and shot him dead. The murderer took to the woods and a message was sent to Raleighville to warn the authorities to be on the lookout.

Very stormy weather in England on Saturday and Sunday.

MARRIED,

In this place, on the 20th inst., by Rev. A. L. Oort, Miss ESTHER LUTVINCOS to Mr. JACOB WHITE, all of this place.

TAX NOTICE.

All persons, liable to corporation tax, and have not paid their taxes, for the current year, are hereby notified that all taxes remaining unpaid, on the 1st of February next, will be placed in the officer's hands for immediate collection with costs added. Call and pay. The corporation needs the money.

L. N. CLINARD, Secretary. Salem Jan. 21st 1876.

NOTICE.

The following Ordinances were regularly passed, at two regular meetings of the Board of Commissioners of the town of Salem, and are in full force and effect from the date of ratification, viz: January 21st, 1876:

ORDINANCES AS TO HOGS.

Section 1.—That any hog, of any size old enough to commit damage—which shall be found rooting on any of the streets or sidewalks, or in any manner injuring the public or private property of this town, within its incorporated limits, is hereby declared a nuisance, and shall at once be impounded by the town officer. The said officer shall then advertise such hog in five public places within the town, of which the Salem Mill shall be one, and Fries' Factory, or Gas House, another, and he shall accurately describe the hog, and notify its owner to come forward, pay charges, and take his property away.

Sec. 2.—In case of failure or refusal on the part of the owner to redeem his property within twenty days after the advertisement, then it shall be the duty of the officer to sell the impounded hog, first giving ten days notice by written or printed advertisement of the same at five public places as herein before named. The surplus, after deducting officers charges, to be paid into the town treasury.

Sec. 3.—It shall be discretionary with the Board of Commissioners, whether said surplus be paid over to the owner of the property or not.

Sec. 4.—The officer shall be allowed fifty cents for such arrest, and fifty cents additional for each sale, and be allowed from five to fifteen cents per day for feeding each hog, according to size and condition.

ORDINANCE AS TO STREET LAMPS.

Any persons other than the proper authority, who shall break, or remove, or in any way interfere with, or deface, or injure, or damage any lamp post within the corporate limit, of the town of Salem; or who shall break, or remove or take down, or in any way interfere with, or injure, or damage any street lamp within said corporate limits; or who shall put out, or extinguish any street lamp lighted or burning, shall be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars, nor more than ten dollars, to be removed from the light of any such lamp, or who shall in any manner cover up or obscure, or prevent such lamp giving its proper light on the streets, or who shall in any way, or by any means interfere with any lamp, so that the said lamp cannot be lighted, or will not burn, or will not continue to burn when lighted, shall pay a fine of from one to twenty-five dollars, as the Mayor may determine, for each and every offense, or be confined from one to ten days in the town lockup.

Ratified January, 21st, 1876.

R. L. PATTERSON, MAYOR, L. N. CLINARD, Secretary.

THE SPLENDID STOCK

—OF—

New Goods

JUST OPENED AND ON SALE

—B—

PATTERSON & CO.

EXCELS

IN VARIETY, STYLE

AND

CHEAPNESS,

Anything of the kind ever offered in this market since the war.

In this purchase many new articles have been added, including a very handsome line of CARPETS

and OIL CLOTHS,

ORDERS FROM EITHER WHOLESALE OR RETAIL CUSTOMERS FILLED WITH CARE.

WE INVITE EXAMINATION AND COMPARISON WITH ANY OTHER STOCK.

Salem, N. C., Nov. 4, 1875.—4m.

A Situation Wanted.

THE undersigned desires a situation as Salesman or Agent, prefers Salem or Winston. He would commence, say, between the 1st of February and 1st of March. He believes from his experience, acquaintance, &c., he can control a considerable portion of the trade, and promises to do all he can for his employers. Please make me an offer, (which shall be confidential if desired), as I shall accept the position where the highest salary is offered.

Address, at present, CLEMMONSVILLE, N. C.

Jan 20 1mo-pd No 3

FARMER'S HEADQUARTER.

THE OLD RELIABLE

BROWN'S WAREHOUSE!

The Proprietors would remind their friends and patrons that they

Defy Competition and all Combinations

That their House is being ENLARGED to accommodate their greatly increased business giving them a LARGER FLOOR BY 2,000 SQUARE FEET than any house in Winston. That they will have

Fourteen Large Sky-Lights, with Ten Doors for Unloading.

That their LOT HAS BEEN ENLARGED AND IMPROVED, and shall be equalled in convenience by none. Will always gladly welcome you and extend every attention possible, and continue to

Guarantee the Highest Market Prices, Promptness and Accuracy.

Your Friends, Truly,

T. J. BROWN & CO.

Nov. 18, 1875.

GOOD AND CHEAP GOODS!

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

FALL AND WINTER, 1875.

R. A. WOMMACK & CO.

Call attention to their complete stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which they are determined to sell at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Don't fail to call and examine their GOODS. They are determined to please.

October 28th, 1875.

CHOICE BOOKS

FOR

PRESENTS

At the Bookstore.

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS!

We invite the attention of purchasers to our superior stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

IT EMBRACES EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT IN THE LINE.

We make a specialty, in the Children's Department, of the

Celebrated Soller Shoes,

which are the best manufactured. The PATENT PROTECTIVE TOE is a feature that renders them universally popular—their wearing twice as long as shoes without it, and are far more elegant in appearance.

Our line of LADIES' and MISSES' SHOES is also complete. It comprises the best and most fashionable styles, at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

We invite the special attention of the young gentlemen of the vicinity to our HANDSOME SEWED WORK—light dress, Opera, double and single soled BOOTS, CONGRESS GAITERS, &c.

We also have all kinds of COARSE BOOTS, and SHOES for men, boys, women and children, of the best grades, and at Low Prices.

We have just received a stock of

HATS,

for Gent's, Boy's and Children, to which we invite attention.

We request an inspection of stock, whether with a view to purchasing or not, as we are confident that an examination will secure appreciation.

S. H. & S. A. C. EVERETT.

SALEM, N. C.

September 29, 1875.

HOME EVIDENCE

FOR THE

Wilson Sewing Machine.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Forsyth County, N. C., do cheerfully and most respectfully say to persons desirous of purchasing a reliable SEWING MACHINE for their family use, that we have in use in our

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1876.

Next week we will publish a true original sketch entitled

SHAKING 'EM UP.

A Midnight Adventure with a Maniac.
BY CAPT. GRIFFIN.

Congressional.

Constitutional amendment reported by the Judiciary Committee, limiting Presidential terms to four years.

By the same committee, a bill authorizing the Court of Claims to take jurisdiction of the claims of all persons who were infants, married women, idiots, lunatics, insane persons, or beyond the seas at the time of the seizure of any abandoned or captured property; *Provided*, that such claims are already on file, or shall be on file within two years.

The same committee reported adversely to the bill to repeal capital punishment.

A bill was introduced to allow planters to sell leaf tobacco without a license.

By Cannon, a bill fixing a penalty for mailing obscene matter and excluding literary circulars from the mails.

The appropriation committee agreed to reduce missions of France, England, and Russia from \$17,000 to \$14,000. All \$12,000 missions to \$9,000; \$10,000 to \$8,000; \$7,500 to \$5,000. The mission to Greece is abolished.

The Post-Office Commission reported unfavorably on the bill reducing first-class mail matter to one cent the half ounce.

Mr. Davis, of North Carolina, has introduced into the House a bill to pay the State of North Carolina the not proceeds of six hundred acres of cotton seized by the agents of the Treasury during the late war. It was referred to the Committee on War Claims.

THE PRESIDENT.—The names of the following persons are mentioned in Congressional circles, in connection with the standard-bearer of the Conservative-Democratic party in the next Presidential campaign: Gov. Hendricks, of Indiana; Senator Tilden and George H. Pendleton, of Ohio; Senator Bayard, of Delaware; Gov. Tilden, of New York; David Davis, of Illinois.

The Democratic National Executive Committee meets in Washington City, on the 22nd of February, to fix the time for their nominating Convention.

The Republicans have an eye on Grant, Morton, and Blaine. Sometimes Grant's chances seem to be looming up for a third term, and then he's flat down again.

The Republican Convention will meet in Cincinnati, Jan. 14th.

BOSTON AND NORFOLK.—On the 18th inst., in Norfolk, Va., the committee of ladies and gentlemen delegated by the ladies of Boston to present to the Southern military organizations who participated in the Bunker Hill Centennial celebration, June 17th, souvenirs of the event, presented to the Norfolk Light Artillery Buss the white banner of peace as also other mementoes. The ceremonies were witnessed by a large number of ladies and gentlemen of Norfolk, and the best feeling of harmony and good will prevailed.

Blaine ought to have been there.

Business Failures.

We give statistics below to show that the number of failures in the South have been fewer and the amount of liabilities smaller for the year 1875, than in either the New England, the Middle or the Western States. That such is the fact is a conclusive argument that she is on a firmer basis than any other section of this Union. If Federal interference would only cease and the South be allowed to follow her own pursuits without molestation of any kind, she would yet become the Eden—the garden spot of America. There is nothing else to prevent her; her soil is fertile, her resources abundant, her climate healthy and her advantages in every respect as fine as any other country in the world. Let us alone and we will be a great and prosperous people. Read the figures and take cheer.

Charlotte Observer.

1875.	No. of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.
New England States, 1,385	\$40,015,164	
Middle States, 2,395	\$2,522,346	
Western States, 2,536	\$6,463,864	
Southern States, 1,333	\$6,277,777	

As a matter of interest, we also give a record of failures from the year 1857:

Year.	No.	Amount.
1857.....	4,932	\$291,750,000
1858.....	4,293	\$57,749,000
1859.....	3,913	\$4,394,000
1860.....	3,674	\$9,807,000
1861.....	6,993	\$20,210,000
1862.....	1,652	\$23,049,000
1863.....	495	\$7,899,000
1864.....	520	\$5,597,000
1865.....	1,530	\$7,625,000
1866.....	1,603	\$3,781,000
1867.....	2,78	\$9,666,000
1868.....	2,608	\$6,694,000
1869.....	2,799	\$7,054,000
1870.....	3,549	\$8,252,000
1871.....	2,915	\$5,215,000
1872.....	4,069	\$12,056,000
1873.....	5,188	\$28,499,000
1874.....	5,830	\$15,830,000
1875.....	7,740	\$201,000,000

FOREIGN ITEMS.—The attitude of the Sultan of Turkey is more favorable to Andassy's proposal of ameliorating the conditions of the insurgents. The Turks have been recently most disastrously defeated and the Emperor has been obliged to do with the Porte's pacific views. Notwithstanding the war rumors from Vienna, there seems to be a more pacific prospect than ever before.

The Queen of England will open Parliament in person. A proposition of the Queen's visit to Ireland this Spring meets with considerable favor. International Regatta, Rifle Match, Spelling Bees, and other Americanisms are the topics of discussion in the London Clubroom. Mother Stewart of "Whiskey prayer meeting" is now in London, and has been well received. She wants a spontaneous temperance crusade and not a 2nd American one.

There seems to be ice and snow enough in England. There is no end of skating rinks. A terrible gale occurred in England, occasioning breaks in the telegraphic lines, and entirely cutting off communication notwithstanding the numerous lines. All are injured.

A triple collision occurred on the Great Northern Railway, near Huntingdon, England. The accounts are that the Scotch Express collided with a mineral train and that the Express from London ran into the debris of the first two. Thirteen killed and a large number badly hurt. Among the killed is a son of Dion Boucicault. Hismark is ill. The Pope is also confined to his room and Card not Antanilla is seriously indisposed. The Cardinal is on the eve of nearly 70 years old.

The Carlites are passing away at San Sebastian. The Royalists have carried Spain in the recent elections. Casteller and the Republicans badly beaten.

KENTUCKY.—Hon. J. B. Beck will be the new U. S. Senator from Kentucky. A Democrat

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

STATE ITEMS.

Sketches of the Debate on Amnesty.
Waddell, of North Carolina, said that he had been an unwavering supporter of appropriation for the Centennial Exhibition ever since it had been first projected. If it were supposed that the irritating discussion of last week would have driven Southern men away from the support of this measure, he sincerely trusted that the result of the vote would only add another illustration to the many already given of how utterly impossible it is for some people to understand and appreciate the spirit that animates other people. He and his associates acquitted their Northern brethren of all responsibility for that discussion. They had understood fully, for it was transparent, the motive which underlay the introduction of that subject, and attaching to that motive its exact value, they simply looked down upon and passed by the whole subject. They would treat that lamentable chapter in American history as Noah's sons had done in the hour of their father's humiliation; they would avert their looks, and with backward step, cast the mantle of oblivion over it. They wished the disturbers of the public peace to understand that notwithstanding the spirit exhibited, they were too good patriots and too sincere men to allow that spirit either to control them or serve as an example for them. One element in the House had not been heard from in that discussion, the element of the southern soldiers in the late war of whom he was one; they had sat in silence and taken the fire which the gentleman from Maine (Blaine) had opened on them with no other feeling than that of gratitude for having escaped from so terrible an enemy as he (Blaine) must have been during the battles of the late war. (Laughter.) If now, when that gentleman's hair was silvering and his natural force perceptibly abating, he could develop such intensity of spirit, how must his plume have waved in the fore-part of that conflict which had occurred at a time when he (Blaine) was young, strong and healthy. (Laughter.) That element had not yet spoken. It could not be goaded into the discussion. On the contrary, it had exhibited a spirit which he believed the American people would not soon forget. It had met a storm of hate and persecution as the swan meets the billows with a breast of down. He knew some gentleman who had been engaged in the same cause with him, who had not intended to vote for the measure before that discussion, but who now intended to support it so as to set an example of patriotism. If there were any of them who still opposed this bill, he appealed to them to unite with him in doing an act which could only promote the honor and advance the best interests of the country, and the peace and happiness of the people.

Gov. Brogden has received intelligence from Meek's Mills, Pa., that the killing of Rodney Seaford by W. A. Hendrix. At last accounts the murderer had been arrested.

John Barnes died near Lenoir, Caldwell county, N. C., on the 23rd of December, 1875, at the age of one hundred and seventeen years.

The Raleigh Sentinel says that intelligence has been received at the executive office of the arrest and detention in jail in Yell county, Arkansas, of Allen Carter, who brutally murdered Bushrod Lilly in Stanley county, in 1867.

The State Grange will hold its next annual session at Greensboro, commencing February, 15th.

Gov. Brogden with his aids, W. S. Pearson of Morganton, and A. D. Jenkins of Raleigh, will attend the Southern States Fair at New Orleans next month.

The Salisbury Watchman says that a citizen of Davis county had two horses drowned at Meek's Mills, Pa., the killing of Rodney Seaford by W. A. Hendrix. At last accounts the murderer had been arrested.

At the last term of Wake Superior Court, Solicitor Harris indicted 263 merchants of Raleigh and Wake county, for failure to take out licenses to do business. The Raleigh Sentinel says that this little fact movement on the part of the Solicitor, if it carries well, will net about \$1,000 in clean, cold cash into his little breeches pocket. Verily, Logan will soon swell into millionaire proportions, if he keeps on striking breeches like this and the poll-tax business.—Star.

LOSS OF POPULATION TO NORTH CAROLINA.—A writer in the Wilmington Journal has the following: "In the census of 1870, the seven States through which we passed en route for this place, there are now living 98,800 native North Carolinians. Virginia has appropriated 16,859; Maryland has been content with seven less than a thousand; West Virginia has 852 and Ohio, 4,891; Illinois has 13,160, and Missouri, 18,755. Indiana, more greedy than all, has appropriated 24,709. In the State of Arkansas there are no less than 18,481 native born North Carolinians. Suppose all these people who have thus expatriated themselves were back at home with their children and children's children, what a difference it would make in the condition of their native State.—Wm. Star.

A land failure. The Salisbury Watchman says: We learn that Newsum & Co., young men formerly of Jackson Hill, Durham county, and lately running two stores, one at Rockingham and the other at Little's Mills, in Richmond county, have failed for a large amount. Their creditors in Baltimore and New York have been and delivered a writ of attachment against them in prospect of recovering anything. It is reported that they have no available assets out of a business amounting to thousands of dollars, having mysteriously made way with all. Among those having claims against them are: Armstrong, Cator & Co., for millinery goods, \$505; G. W. Gall & Ax, for Shuff, \$300; Stonebaker & Richards, \$400; Dinsmore & Kyle, \$200; Schumacher & Kirkhead, \$294.68; Raymond, Jenkins & Co., for Groceries, \$1,500; James Carey, for Shoes, \$2,100.

The Caldwell Messenger says: Mr. J. T. Low all informs us that a chestnut tree, which stood upon the lands known as the Alex Perkins farm, on Johns River, was recently cut down. The tree was 120 feet high, and the stump measured 8 feet in diameter; 18 rail cuts, which made 1,440 rails, were taken from the body of the tree; the remainder of the tree made 15 loads of wood and 3 loads of bark. Near the above tree was a locust, the stump of which measured two and a half feet in diameter, and 200 rails, which were taken from the body of the tree. The two trees furnished rails and stakes for one hundred panels of fence.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERALS.—Generals.—Braxton Bragg. Lieutenant Generals.—Leonidas Polk, Thos. H. Holmes.

MAJOR GENERALS.—W. Loring, William E. Pender, Bryan Grimes, Robert Ransom, (Cavalry), Robert F. Hoke, Steven D. Ransom, C. M. Wilcox, M. W. Ramsey.—10.

BRIGADIER GENERALS.—L. O. Branch, R. C. Gatlin, George B. Anderson, J. B. Gordon, Pettigrew, Junius Daniel, Gabriel J. Rains, Gaston H. Lewis, Robert Johnston, Jas. G. Martin, Thos. L. Clingan, W. R. Cox, William Kirkland, P. McKee, Robert Vance, Alfred M. Scales, L. S. Baker, (Cavalry), J. B. Gordon, (Cavalry), Rufus Barringer, (Cavalry), Van Roberts, (Cavalry), Jos. L. Lewis, (born in Greenville, and succeeded in command of Breckenridge's old Brigade), H. H. Forney, (Cavalry), Charles A. Ables, Col. Batt. F. K. Zollicoffer, born in Halifax, and killed in Kentucky.—24. Those in * were either killed or died in the war.—Living and Dead.

GENERAL NEWS.
Twenty-one freedmen, with two preachers from North Carolina and Louisiana, have sailed for Moravia, in West Africa.

Captain Josiah Briggs, of Coxesack, his wife and two children, were drowned in the Hudson, near Coxesack on the night of the 12th inst. They were returning from a party at the mother and children on a barge, which the captain was pushing across the river on the ice, when they all disappeared through an air-hole. The bodies have not been recovered.

MISS ANDREW JOHNSON.—Mrs. Andrew Johnson, widow of ex-President Andrew Johnson, died at her residence at 421 Madison street, Patterson, near Greenville, Tenn. Mrs. Johnson's maiden name was Eliza McAdell. She was born in 1821, and consequently died in the 54th year of her age.

The total number of hogs slaughtered this season at Cincinnati, up to January 9th, is 398,780. The number slaughtered at the same time last season was 392,802.

During 1875 more than one hundred pounds of dried blackberries were sold in Nashville, Tenn., the most of which were shipped to New York, Philadelphia, and other large cities.

According to the estimates of the Secretary of the New Hampshire Board of Agriculture, hawks, foxes, and other birds and beasts of prey, which are so destructive to the flocks and herds of the State, are estimated to be worth \$100,000 annually.

According to the Galveston (Texas) News a fatal epidemic has broken out among the dogs in that city, which seems to be very much like the epidemic among horses. The first indication of the disease seems like an ordinary cold, upon which the poor brutes rapidly fall, and in a few hours death relieves them of their sufferings.

RIVAL BEAUTIES AT WASHINGTON.—Bionde vs. brunette: this much discussed but never decided question is now being revived at Washington—the representatives being the wives of two foreign ministers. The blonde is Senora Mantilla de Los Rios, of Spain, who is a perfect type of mature Andalusian beauty. She wore, at Secretary Fish's dinner, a white ball dress with a sweeping train of crimson velvet, both almost covered with rich point lace, while her back hair was arranged with pearls and diamonds, and each of her solitary ear-rings was a small fortune. Flaming hair and magnificent jewelry of majestic grace excited general admiration.

Austria has sent us, as the wife of her diplomatic representative, Madame la Comtesse de Hoyos, nee Comtesse de Herberstein. He is descended from one of the oldest Hungarian families; and she—a native of Upper Austria—is a true type of Teutonic beauty. Tall, slender, graceful and spirituelle, she wore a delicate shade pink silk, elaborately made, and trimmed with rare old point lace, with sprays of diamond on her breast and left shoulder, while a costly cluster in her auburn hair flashed the prismatic colors, in harmony with the diamonds which composed her ear-ring, necklace and bracelets. She has the gift of tongues—speaking German, French, English and Italian—and is a rare acquisition to society at Washington.

GOVERNMENT PARTY ON FIFTH AVENUE.—A very curious party was given in New York City last evening by a woman who has become quite celebrated for her determined efforts to get into good society. She was originally a chambermaid in a Boston hotel, and married the son of a well-known New Yorker in 1863. The marriage created a great scandal of course. They went to Europe, where the young gentleman's wealth and propensities soon brought them into notice. The ex-chambermaid is pretty, has a snattering of education and refinement, and a good deal of Irish cleverness. Two years ago they returned to New York, to the annoyance of the gentleman's relatives, and forthwith established themselves on Fifth Avenue. Then came a series of grand parties. The most distinguished of our citizens—their wives and daughters—were invited, but of course did not go. But many of the fashionable rabble went—glad to eat, drink and make merry at other people's expense. Last week this funny comedy gave a party, and every lady present received some handsome article of jewelry. This is the most novel bid for social fame and popularity we ever heard of. But in view of the present hard times this style of entertainment is not likely to become fashionable.

THE WESTERN WHISKY FRAUDS.—At Chicago on Friday last the following whisky distillers, who are under indictment for revenue frauds, appeared before Judge Bontwell, and entered a plea of guilty, on the first count of their several indictments, which charges them with conspiracy to defraud the government: Joseph Reelle, Anton Junker, Geo. Miller, Henry C. Fredericks, Gholson G. Russell, Parker M. Mattson, J. P. Oliver, W. S. Gelson, J. M. Ford, For. Ford, and Co.; C. D. Fee, R. P. Hirsch, David Cochrane, Ed. Frank A. Eastman, for Moreman, Eastman & Gelson. Mr. Williams of the firm of Hutchins & Cochrane, pleaded not guilty. These men own or represent nearly all the principal distilleries in the city.

At Milwaukee, on the same day, the Grand Jury of the United States Circuit Court returned six additional indictments against persons accused of defrauding the revenue. Leopold W. Schiller, is charged with bribing officers, and ex-Superior—Mann, ex-Special Agent Conklin, ex-Deputy Collector W. Eisner, and ex-Gangsters Redington and Tenny, are charged with receiving bribes.

At Memphis, on Friday, the jury in the case of ex-Gangster McGriff, returned a verdict of guilty on nine counts of the indictment for taking a leading part in the whisky frauds, and not guilty on three.

Thirteen of the principal distillers of Cincinnati, who had been indicted for revenue frauds, pleaded guilty on Friday last. An indictment having been found against D. W. Mann, formerly Internal Revenue Supervisor of the Chicago district, by the Grand Jury at Milwaukee, he was arrested.

Extract from Cox's Speech.
The following pointed extracts are from the speech of Hon. Samuel S. Cox, of New York, in the House of Representatives, January 10th:

It is not difficult to attribute motives to gentlemen on this floor, but I will not do it. The gentleman from Maine is known to be a candidate for the presidency, but that is no reason why he should be a mean man. (Laughter.) He is not; but on the contrary, a kind-hearted, generous, noble citizen of Pennsylvania and of the State of Maine, representing, as I do believe, the honest, true, and patriotic sentiment of the two States all at once. (Laughter.) He is the last man to whom I would attribute any bad motives.

But one thing is curious: that he has antagonized President Grant on this subject. I do not know what the motive is. (Laughter.) I call upon the republican gentlemen, especially that goodly little knot of colored people who voted so nobly for the third term, to vote down this exceptionally obnoxious proposition of the gentleman from Maine. For did not the President of the United States in his Message of December, 1873, say this:

I will renew my previous recommendation to Congress for general amnesty. The number engaged in the rebellion, and the disabilities imposed upon them, are a constant irritation. No possible danger can accrue to the Government by restoring to citizenship the rebels, and the disabilities imposed upon them. For did not the President of the United States in his Message of December, 1873, say this:

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once sent to my desk to be read the one-hundred and twenty-sixth Psalm. I think I will read it for the benefit of the gentleman. It was after Cyrus had relieved the Hebrews from captivity. The Psalmist touched his harp, and broke forth in the lyric loftiness of gratulation:

1. When the Lord turned again the captivity of Zion, we were like them that dream.

2. Then was our mouth filled with laughter and our tongue with singing; then said they among the heathen, The Lord hath done great things for them.

3. The Lord hath done great things for us; whereof we are glad.

4. Turn again our captivity, O Lord, as the streams in the South.

There is an annotation by Dr. Clarke to this psalm, which in connection with it may be pondered. It recites that once, when the Roman general had overcome Phylis of Macedonia and conquered Greece, and had put all the cities of Greece under taxation and tyranny, there was a gathering of the people in the circus at the Isthmian games, and without the previous knowledge of any one except the general in command of the city, the hierarch, when he proclaimed the games, was authorized to proclaim, in behalf of the Roman senate and the general of the army, to the citizens that their taxes should remain the same as they had been by the Romans over the Greeks. All the people listened as if it had been an illusion. They turned one to another and said: "What means this? What did the herald say after he blew the trumpet? Have we been given our liberties?" One said to the other, "Did you hear what was said?" And they went to the herald and cried, "Repeat to us what you have said;" and he repeated it, and their hearts were full of gladness. Says Livy, "They lifted up their hands and rejoiced for the year of their deliverance had come." It was the year of Grecian jubilee.

And now, when our jubilee has come, in this year of 1876, I would like to have a herald from Philadelphia, or from this Capitol, to tell the South from Republican exactions, from bad rule and the establishment of autonomy all over the South. Then a glorious, blessed light coming from above—the white radiance of the sun—will shine upon architecture, pillar and dome of the temple of our American liberty. (Applause.)

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